“No one did more to bring an end to America’s cruel and unjust war in Vietnam than the patriotic GIs and veterans who turned against it. This extraordinary history of their struggle should inspire all of us who seek to end the ongoing and interrelated threats of war, nuclear doomsday, and environmental catastrophe.”

–Daniel Ellsberg

Waging Peace in Vietnam
U.S. Soldiers and Veterans who Opposed the War

A New Exhibit at SDSU
Featuring photographs, underground newspapers, oral histories and documents from this little-known movement.

March 8 – 30
Donor Hall, University Library

Thursday, March 10, 4pm: Panel Discussion
SDSU College of Professional Studies & Fine Arts Building, Room 350

Introduction: Professor Latha Varadarajan
Director: International Security and Conflict Resolution

Moderator: Professor Gregory Daddis
Director: Center for War and Society

David Cortright PhD., a U.S. Army veteran teaches at the University of Notre Dame’s Kroc Center for International Peace Studies is Director Emeritus of the Peace Accords Matrix and author or editor of over twenty books including Soldiers in Revolt and Waging Peace in Vietnam.

John Kent, a 1968 graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy at Annapolis where he was a company commander and All-American wrestler. After combat missions in Vietnam, John became a jet fighter pilot. He later turned in his wings, refused to return to Vietnam and co-founded the Concerned Officers Movement in San Diego.

Susan Schnall, President of the National Board of Veterans for Peace. As a Navy lieutenant, Susan was court martialed and sentenced to six months hard labor for leading the October 1968 peace march in San Francisco. A professor at NYU, she organizes panels on the chemical weapons the United States used in Vietnam at the American Health Association’s annual meetings.

William Short attended NCOC (non-commissioned officers) school, U.S. Military Infantry War College, at Fort Benning, Georgia. He was a squad leader and platoon sergeant, 1st Infantry Division, in Vietnam in 1969. After being told to booby trap the dead bodies of enemy soldiers, he refused to return to combat and was twice court martialed and incarcerated in a military stockade in Long Binh, Vietnam.

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